The Internet of Things Wilfrid Laurier University

Terry Sturtevant

Wilfrid Laurier University

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

Overview

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Overview

• What is the Internet?

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- What is the Internet?
- What are "Things"?

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- What is the Internet?
- What are "Things"?
- Why does one need the other?

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Origin of term "Internet of Things"

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Origin of term "Internet of Things"

• Peter T. Lewis -1985

' 'the integration of people, processes and technology with connectable devices and sensors to enable remote monitoring, status, manipulation and evaluation of trends of such devices."

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• Started in about 1950s (USA, DARPA)

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

What is the Internet?

- Started in about 1950s (USA, DARPA)
- Goal was to have a robust communications network that could function with pieces missing

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- A "network of networks" (*inter*net(work))

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Before the Internet; phone network

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Before the Internet; phone network

• Telegraph began in 1830's

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- Point-to-point connection requires switches

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- Connection is maintained for the duration of the call

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How does the Internet work?

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How does the Internet work?

• Every unique *host* has an address

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All packets don't need to travel the same route

The packets don't need to arrive in the correct order

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Software

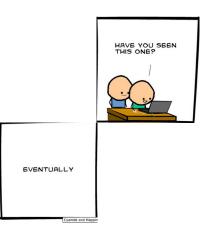
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 Introduction
 What is the Internet

 Applications of IoT
 What did Tim Berners-Lee develop?

 Challenges of IoT
 Remote sensing before the Internet

 Software
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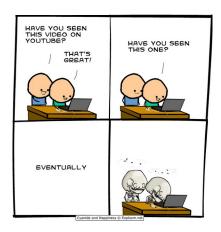
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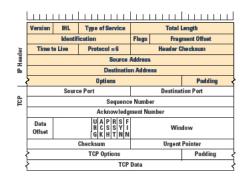
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Introduction Applications of IoT Challenges of IoT Challenges of IoT



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How many Internet addresses are there?

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

How many Internet addresses are there?

• The version of internet protocol in current use is IPV4

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 $2^{32}=4\times2^{10}\times2^{10}\times2^{10}\approx4\times10^9$

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About 4 billion IPV4 addresses

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About 4 billion IPV4 addresses

There are over 7 billion people on Earth

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Address exhaustion

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Address exhaustion

• As early as the 1980s it was apparent the address space would get used up

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Address exhaustion

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 NB: Bill Gates once said 640KB of memory should be enough for anyone

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When I started programming in the late 70s the mainframe had 500KB of memory

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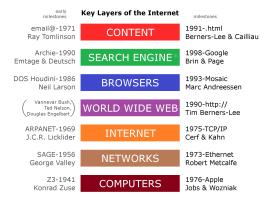
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 In the early 1990s, Tim Berners-Lee developed the World Wide web, which led to massive expansion beyond the original audience

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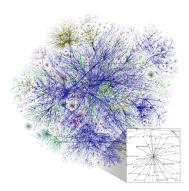
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Other option; MAC address

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Any internet connected device has a MAC address

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 Media Access Control

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Other option; MAC address

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 48 bits

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 That means there are 2¹⁶ ≈ 64000 MAC addresses for every IPV4 address

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Why MAC addresses won't work

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• Remember: assigned by manufacturer

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Why MAC addresses won't work

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This won't work; addresses have to contain routing information

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Solution: IPV6

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

Solution: IPV6

• A new internet protocol, IPV6, has been created

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

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- A new internet protocol, IPV6, has been created
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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

Solution: IPV6

- A new internet protocol, IPV6, has been created
- It uses 128 bit addresses
 - That means there are $2^8\times 10^{312}\approx 10^{38}$ addresses

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• Is that enough for the foreseeable future?

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

Are there enough IPV6 addresses?

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

Are there enough IPV6 addresses?

• The radius of the earth is about 6000 km or $6 imes 10^6 m$

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

Are there enough IPV6 addresses?

• The radius of the earth is about 6000 km or $6 \times 10^6 m$ That means its surface area is $4\pi R^2 \approx 70 \times 10^{12} m^2$

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

Are there enough IPV6 addresses?

- The radius of the earth is about 6000 km or $6 \times 10^6 m$ That means its surface area is $4\pi R^2 \approx 70 \times 10^{12} m^2$
- The atmosphere is about 100km thick, or $10^5 m$

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- $\bullet\,$ There are about 3×10^7 seconds in a year

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

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- The atmosphere is about 100km thick, or $10^5 m$ Thus the volume of the atmosphere is about $10^{19}m^3$, or $10^{19} \times 10^9 = 10^{28} mm^3$
- $\bullet\,$ There are about 3×10^7 seconds in a year
- We could assign a new IPV6 address to every cubic millimetre in the atmosphere for about 1000 years before exhausting them.

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What are "Things"?

What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

What are "Things"?

What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

Originally the internet was conceived to connect people to people

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What are "Things"?

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- Originally the internet was conceived to connect people to people
- Early on, some saw it as a means of automation

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Intelligent Systems for a More Connected World



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The first "thing" on the Internet?



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The first "thing" on the Internet?



Coke machine

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The first "thing" on the Internet?



Coke machine Carnegie-Mellon University

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The first "thing" on the Internet?



Coke machine Carnegie-Mellon University Computer Science Department

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The Carnegie-Mellon Coke machine

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

The Carnegie-Mellon Coke machine

• (Circa 1982), switches in machine counted remaining stock

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The Carnegie-Mellon Coke machine

- (Circa 1982), switches in machine counted remaining stock
- Machine could be queried using *finger* protocol

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The first "thing" on the World Wide Web?



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The Trojan Room coffee pot

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The Trojan Room coffee pot

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

The Trojan Room coffee pot

 Long before webcams, (early 1990s), a digital framegrabber took pictures every few seconds

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

The Trojan Room coffee pot

- Long before webcams, (early 1990s), a digital framegrabber took pictures every few seconds
- A web server posted the image to a web page

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

The Trojan Room coffee pot

- Long before webcams, (early 1990s), a digital framegrabber took pictures every few seconds
- A web server posted the image to a web page
- When a new pot was brewed, a feeding (actually, drinking) frenzy could occur

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Remote sensing before the Internet

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

Remote sensing before the Internet

Options included:

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Remote sensing before the Internet

Options included:

Radio

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? **Remote sensing before the Internet** Software

Remote sensing before the Internet

Options included:

- Radio
- Satellite

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? **Remote sensing before the Internet** Software

Remote sensing before the Internet

Options included:

- Radio
- Satellite
- Dedicated phone line

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? **Remote sensing before the Internet** Software

Remote sensing before the Internet

Options included:

- Radio
- Satellite
- Dedicated phone line

All specialized and relatively expensive, since "path" needs to be approved and/or created

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Remote sensing using the Internet

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? **Remote sensing before the Internet** Software

Remote sensing using the Internet

Wifi fairly ubiquitous

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? **Remote sensing before the Internet** Software

Remote sensing using the Internet

- Wifi fairly ubiquitous
- Cellular possible in many more locations

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? **Remote sensing before the Internet** Software

Remote sensing using the Internet

- Wifi fairly ubiquitous
- Cellular possible in many more locations
- Satellite internet possible as well

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? **Remote sensing before the Internet** Software

Remote sensing using the Internet

- Wifi fairly ubiquitous
- Cellular possible in many more locations
- Satellite internet possible as well

Access to internet at each end is all that's required, since "path" between device and monitor is already established.

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 Introduction
 What is the Internet

 Applications of IoT
 What did Tim Berners-Lee develop?

 Challenges of IoT
 What are "Things"?

 Remote sensing before the Internet
 Software

INTERNET-ENABLED "THINGS" CURRENTLY CONNECTED TO NETWORKS



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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

Software

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What is the Internet What did Tim Berners-Lee develop? What are "Things"? Remote sensing before the Internet Software

Software

Devices each need TCP/IP stack

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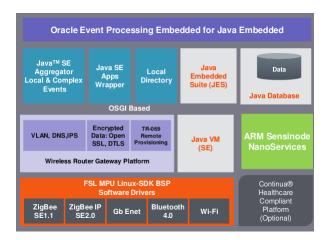
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 Software
 Software



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Applications of IoT

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Applications of IoT

Medical

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Applications of IoT

- Medical
- Security and safety

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Applications of IoT

- Medical
- Security and safety
- Home automation

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Medical Applications

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Implanted devices

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 Implanted devices pacemakers, insulin pumps

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Implanted devices

pacemakers, insulin pumps

allows real-time remote monitoring and logging

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Medical Applications

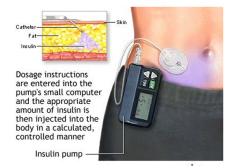
- Implanted devices
 - pacemakers, insulin pumps
 - allows real-time remote monitoring and logging
 - timed release of medication; e.g. chemotherapy, pain relievers, etc.

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Security Applications

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Security Applications

Home

remote monitoring of security system, cameras, baby monitor/camera

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Security Applications

Home

remote monitoring of security system, cameras, baby monitor/camera pet/child tracking

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Security Applications

Home

remote monitoring of security system, cameras, baby monitor/camera pet/child tracking

Auto

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Security Applications

Home

remote monitoring of security system, cameras, baby monitor/camera pet/child tracking

Auto

tracking of vehicle and components; e.g. stereo

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Security Applications

Home

remote monitoring of security system, cameras, baby monitor/camera pet/child tracking

Auto

tracking of vehicle and components; e.g. stereo real-time logging of "black box" status information

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Medical Applications Security Applications Home Automation Applications



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Medical Applications Security Applications Home Automation Applications

TRANSPORT > AIRLINES

The Small Canadian Airline That Already Has the Flight-Tracking System of the Future

Marisa Garcia, Skift Marisa Garcia, Skift

May 08, 2014 9:00 am



The regional carrier First Air knows where its planes are at all times. First Air

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Medical Applications Security Applications Home Automation Applications

Home Automation Applications

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Home Automation Applications

Home

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Medical Applications Security Applications Home Automation Applications

Home Automation Applications

Home

environment monitoring and control

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Medical Applications Security Applications Home Automation Applications

Home Automation Applications

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environment monitoring and control pet/child tracking

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Medical Applications Security Applications Home Automation Applications

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environment monitoring and control pet/child tracking

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Medical Applications Security Applications Home Automation Applications

Home Automation Applications

Home

environment monitoring and control pet/child tracking

Auto

cloud based entertainment

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Medical Applications Security Applications Home Automation Applications

Home Automation Applications

Home

environment monitoring and control pet/child tracking

Auto

cloud based entertainment

reminders of maintenance; automatic appointment scheduling, diagnosis

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Medical Applications Security Applications Home Automation Applications



Medical Applications Security Applications Home Automation Applications



Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Challenges of IoT

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Challenges of IoT

Environmental

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Challenges of IoT

- Environmental
- Security

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Challenges of IoT

- Environmental
- Security
- Communication

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Environmental challenges

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Environmental challenges

• IoT devices are more complex

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Environmental challenges

- IoT devices are more complex
- Devices get frequent upgrades

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges



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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges



Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Security challenges

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Security challenges

• Remote *monitoring* could be by anyone

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Security challenges

- Remote *monitoring* could be by anyone
- Remote control ...!!!!!!

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges



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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Communication

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Communication

• Devices talking to a server or user is only the beginning

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Communication

- Devices talking to a server or user is only the beginning
- Devices talking to *each other* will follow

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

Communication

- Devices talking to a server or user is only the beginning
- Devices talking to each other will follow
- What sort of language could allow for all kinds of devices to talk *to each other*?

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Environmental Challenges Security Challenges

The Semantic Web - Tim Berners-Lee

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The Semantic Web - Tim Berners-Lee

"I have a dream for the Web [in which computers] become capable of analyzing all the data on the Web - the content, links, and transactions between people and computers. A 'Semantic Web', which makes this possible, has yet to emerge, but when it does, the day-to-day mechanisms of trade, bureaucracy and our daily lives will be handled by machines talking to machines. The 'intelligent agents' people have touted for ages will finally materialize."

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The future?

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